# Emergency Response Planning

Scott Landrigan 2-22-16 WSD Facilities and Safety

- Current systems
  - ▶ Each school is operating under their own independent program
  - ▶ No unified approach
  - ▶ No direction from district on EAP
- ▶ District Policy (in Draft)
  - ▶ New procedure is in draft
  - ▶ Standardizes response and planning
  - ▶ Organizes plans at each school
  - ▶ Ensures all schools have required content in plans



- ► Adopting Standard Response Protocol (SRP)
  - ▶ Benefits of SRP
    - ► Standardized vocabulary
    - ► Continuity of expectations
    - ▶ Simpler process to drill

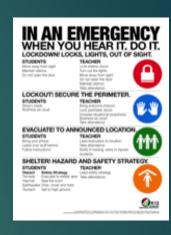


- ► Four specific actions
  - ▶ Lockout
  - ▶ Lockdown
  - ▶ Evacuate
  - ▶ Shelter



#### Standard Response Protocol

- ▶ Lockout For threats outside the school building
  - ▶ Dangerous animal on school grounds
  - ► Criminal activity in the area
  - ▶ Civil disobedience
- ▶ Lockdown Threat or hazard inside the school building.
  - ▶ From parental custody disputes
  - ▶ Intruders, active shooter
  - ▶ Lockdown uses classroom security to protect students and staff from threat.



#### SRP Continued

- **Evacuate** Called when there is a need to move students from one location to another.
  - ► Floods, gas leak, fire etc.
  - ▶ Always accompanied by "Evacuate to " (a location)
- ▶ Shelter When the need for personal protection is necessary.
  - ▶ Training should also include spontaneous events such as tornado,
  - ▶ Earthquake
  - ▶ Hazmat.

- District Umbrella
  - ► Assigns responsibility to each school
  - ▶ Includes, DO, LRA, COOP, team ETC
- ▶ Identifies Roles and responsibilities
  - ▶ Incident Commander
  - ▶ Recorder
  - ▶ Medical
  - Student care (teachers and Student teachers)
  - ▶ Liaison
  - ▶ Public relations
  - ▶ Building Safety
  - ▶ Search and rescue

### District Level Activities

- Bussing and Reunification Plan
  - ► Establish MOU's with local agencies
- Define strategy and procedures for campus access
  - ► Establish secure school program during school hours
- Define training needs for substitutes
  - ▶ How are substitutes trained in the event of an emergency
- Managing special needs
  - ▶ Define procedures for managing special needs student.

- Managing absentees
  - ► Reassigning responsibility
  - ▶ Ensuring subs have the required information in the event of an emergency
- Campus access control
  - Visitor
  - ▶ School access
- ▶ Training of staff
  - ▶ When the staff should be trained
  - ▶ What the training should include
- ▶ Drills
  - ► Schedules, (when to drill)
  - Quantity (how many)
  - ▶ Critique, managing deficiencies, corrective action



- Probability Model Assesses extent of the emergency
  - Probability How often, what's the likelihood
  - ▶ Magnitude The extent of the damage
  - ▶ Time How much notice will we have
  - Duration-how long will the event last
- ► Emergency Response Plan's
  - Location of the plans
  - ▶ Contents what is included in the plan
- Communication Procedures
  - ▶ Devices to use in an emergency
  - ▶ Location of devices
  - ▶ Identification of special frequencies or channels

- Special needs
  - ► Managing special needs persons
  - ► Temporary injuries how do we track
- Visitors
  - ▶ Procedures for visitors to the school
  - ► Sign in sheets
- Substitutes
  - ▶ Training

- Health room activities
  - Grab and go bag
  - Medications
  - First aid

#### Appendix to the Emergency Response Plan

- ▶ Maps of buildings
- ▶ List of staff
- ▶ List of students
- List of first aid providers
- ▶ Drill schedules
- ▶ Drill critiques

- Grab and go bag contents
- Substitute instructions
- Duties and responsibilities
- ▶ Classroom attendance roster
- Reunification plan